

Key

LET'S CHECK IN WITH UNITS 1 & 2!

1. The value(s) of x that satisfy $\sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} = 2x - 10$ are

1) (5)

2) (7)

3) (5, 7)

4) (3, 5, 7)

* Check 5 1st
 $\sqrt{25 - 20 - 5} \stackrel{?}{=} 10 - 10 \checkmark$

* Check 3 next
 $\sqrt{9 - 12 - 5} \stackrel{?}{=} 6 - 10$
 $\sqrt{-8} \neq -4$

* Check 7 last
 $\sqrt{49 - 28 - 5} \stackrel{?}{=} 14 - 10 \checkmark$

2. If $A = -3 + 5i$, $B = 4 - 2i$, and $C = 1 + 6i$, where i is the imaginary unit, determine what $BC + A$ equals in simplest $a + bi$ form.

* Check on calculator *

$BC + A$
 $(4 - 2i)(1 + 6i) + (-3 + 5i)$
 $4 + 24i - 2i - 12i^2$
 $4 + 22i + 12$
 $16 + 22i + -3 + 5i = \boxed{13 + 27i}$

3. The roots of the equation $3x^2 + 2x = -7$ are

1) $-2, -\frac{1}{3}$

2) $-\frac{7}{3}, 1$

use Quad Form!

3) $-\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$

4) $-\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{11}}{3}$

$3x^2 + 2x + 7 = 0$
 $x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{(2)^2 - 4(3)(7)}}{2(3)}$

$x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-80}}{6}$ * you know the answer is 3 (the only choice w/ imaginary #'s)

4. Over the set of integers, factor the expression $x^4 - 4x^2 - 12$.

(Regular trinomial) $(x^2 - 6)(x^2 + 2)$

5. Where i is the imaginary unit, the expression $(x + 3i)^2 - (2x - 3i)^2$ is equivalent to

1) $-3x^2$

2) $-3x^2 - 18$

3) $-3x^2 + 18xi$

4) $-3x^2 - 6xi - 18$

$(x + 3i)(x + 3i) - (2x - 3i)(2x - 3i)$
 $(x^2 + 6xi - 9) - (4x^2 - 12xi - 9)$

$x^2 + 6xi - 9$
 $-4x^2 + 12xi + 9$

$-3x^2 + 18xi$

6. Solve the equation $2x^2 + 3x + 8 = 0$. Express the answer in $a + bi$ form.

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{(3)^2 - 4(2)(8)}}{2(2)}$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-55}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm i\sqrt{55}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{-3}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{55}}{4}$$

7. Solve algebraically for all values of x : $\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2(x+15) - 9$

$$\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2x + 30 - 9$$

$$(\sqrt{6-2x})^2 = (x+21)^2$$

$$6-2x = (x+21)(x+21)$$

$$6-2x = x^2 + 42x + 441$$

$$0 = x^2 + 44x + 435$$

$$x = \frac{-44 \pm \sqrt{(44)^2 - 4(1)(435)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-44 \pm \sqrt{1936 - 1740}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-44 \pm \sqrt{196}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-44 \pm 14}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-44 + 14}{2} = -15$$

$$x = \frac{-44 - 14}{2} = -29$$

CHALLENGE:

Which expression is equivalent to $x^6y^4(x^4 - 16) - 9(x^4 - 16)$?

1) $x^{10}y^4 - 16x^6y^4 - 9x^4 - 144$

3) $(x^3y^2 + 3)(x^3y^2 - 3)(x+2)^2(x-2)^2$

2) $(x^6y^4 - 9)(x+2)^3(x-2)$

(4) $(x^3y^2 + 3)(x^3y^2 - 3)(x^2 + 4)(x^2 - 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^4 - 16)(x^6y^4 - 9) \\ & (x^2 + 4)(x^2 - 4)(x^3y^2 + 3)(x^3y^2 - 3) \\ & (x^2 + 4)(x+2)(x-2)(x^3y^2 + 3)(x^3y^2 - 3) \end{aligned}$$

$\{-15\}$